

PUBLIC NOTICES

Legals continued from Page 9A

sition.
Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to amend Article VI, Section 39 of the Constitution of Louisiana, to read as follows:

§39. Levee District Taxes
Section 39.(A) District Tax; Millage Limit. For the purpose of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, hurricane flood protection, and for all other purposes incidental thereto, the governing authority of a levee district created prior to January 1, 2006, **except as provided in Paragraph (C) of this Section**, may levy annually a tax not to exceed five mills, except the Board of Levee Commissioners of the Orleans Levee District which may levy annually a tax not to exceed two and one-half mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property situated within the alluvial portions of the district subject to overflow.

(B) Millage Increase. If the necessity to raise additional funds arises in any levee district created prior to January 1, 2006, for any purpose set forth in Paragraph (A) of this Section, or for any other purpose related to its authorized powers and functions as specified by law, the tax may be increased. However, the necessity and the rate of the increase shall be submitted to the electors of the district, and the tax increase shall take effect only if approved by a majority of the electors voting thereon in an election held for that purpose.

(C) **Certain** Districts Created After January 1, 2006. For any purpose set forth in Paragraph (A) of this Section, the governing authority of a levee district created after January 1, 2006, **and where a majority of the electors in the district failed to approve the provisions of this Section in an election held on October 9, 2021, or a levee district created after October 9, 2021**, may annually levy a tax on all property not exempt from taxation situated within the alluvial portions of the district subject to overflow. However, such a district shall not levy such a tax nor increase the rate of such a tax unless the levy or the increase is approved by a majority of the electors of the district who vote in an election held for that purpose. If the district is comprised of territory in more than one parish, approval by a majority of the electors who vote in each parish comprising the district is also required for any such levy or increase.

Section 2. Be it further resolved that this proposed amendment shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Louisiana at the statewide election to be held on October 9, 2021.

Section 3. Be it further resolved that on the official ballot to be used at said election there shall be printed a proposition, upon which the electors of the state shall be permitted to vote YES or NO, to amend the Constitution of Louisiana, which proposition shall read as follows:

Do you support an amendment to allow levee districts created after January 1, 2006, and before October 9, 2021, whose electors approve the amendment to levy an annual tax not to exceed five mills for the purpose of constructing and maintaining levees, levee drainage, flood protection, and hurricane flood protection? (Amends Article VI, Section 39)

Proposed Amendment No. 4
Regular Session, 2021

ACT No. 157

HOUSE BILL NO. 487
BY REPRESENTATIVE ECHOLS

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing to amend Article VII, Section 10(F) (2)(a) and (b) of the Constitution of Louisiana, relative to deficit avoidance; to increase the amount of allowable reductions to certain funds when there is a projected deficit; to provide for submission of the proposed amendment to the electors; and to provide for related matters.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Legislature of Louisiana, two-thirds of the members elected to each house concurring, that there shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Louisiana, for their approval or rejection in the manner provided by law, a proposal to amend Article VII, Section 10(F)(2)(a) and (b) of the Constitution of

of Louisiana, to read as follows:

ARTICLE VII

§10. Expenditure of State Funds
Section 10.

* * *

(F) Projected Deficit.

* * *

(2)(a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, adjustments to any constitutionally protected or mandated allocations or appropriations, and transfer of monies associated with such adjustments, are authorized when state general fund allocations or appropriations have been reduced in an aggregate amount equal to at least seven-tenths of one percent of the total of such allocations and appropriations for a fiscal year. Such adjustments may shall not exceed five ten percent of the total appropriation or allocation from a fund for the fiscal year. For purposes of this Subsubparagraph, reductions to expenditures required by Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this constitution shall not exceed one percent and such reductions shall not be applicable to instructional activities included within the meaning of instruction pursuant to the Minimum Foundation Program formula. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, monies transferred as a result of such budget adjustments are deemed available for appropriation and expenditure in the year of the transfer from one fund to another, but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any transfers exceed the amount of the deficit.

(b) Notwithstanding any other provision of this constitution to the contrary, for the purposes of the budget estimate and enactment of the budget for the next fiscal year, when the official forecast of recurring revenues for the next fiscal year is at least one percent less than the official forecast for the current fiscal year, the following procedure may be employed to avoid a budget deficit in the next fiscal year. An amount not to exceed five ten percent of the total appropriations or allocations for the current fiscal year from any fund established by law or this constitution shall be available for expenditure in the next fiscal year for a purpose other than as specifically provided by law or this constitution. For the purposes of this Subsubparagraph, an amount not to exceed one percent of the current fiscal year appropriation for expenditures required by Article VIII, Section 13(B) of this constitution shall be available for expenditures for other purposes in the next fiscal year. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this constitution to the contrary, monies made available as authorized under this Subsubparagraph may be transferred to a fund for which revenues have been forecast to be less than the revenues in the current fiscal year for such fund. Monies transferred as a result of the budget actions authorized by this Subsubparagraph are deemed available for appropriation and expenditure, but in no event shall the aggregate amount of any such transfers exceed the amount of the difference between the official forecast for the current fiscal year and the next fiscal year.

* * *

Section 2. Be it further resolved that this proposed amendment shall be submitted to the electors of the state of Louisiana at the statewide election to be held on October 9, 2021.

Section 3. Be it further resolved that on the official ballot to be used at the election, there shall be printed a proposition, upon which the electors of the state shall be permitted to vote YES or NO, to amend the Constitution of Louisiana, which proposition shall read as follows:

Do you support an amendment to increase the amount of allowable deficit reductions to statutory dedications and constitutionally protected funds from five percent to ten percent? (Amends Article VII, Section 10(F)(2) (a) and (b))

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to article IV, section 21 (D) (1) of the Louisiana Constitution, that on September 30, 2021, Entergy Louisiana, LLC (“ELL”) an electric public utility providing retail electric service to customers in fifty-eight Parishes of the State of Louisiana, filed with the Louisiana Public Service Commission (“LPSC” or the “Commission”) in LPSC Docket No. U-35991, its Third Supplemental Application requesting the establishment and securitization of a Hurricane Ida storm damage reserve fund. Approval of the requested relief would result in amendments to the new Rider Financed Storm Cost IV (“FSC IV”) rider schedule and new Rider Storm Cost Offset IV (“SCO IV”) rider schedule previously proposed in this docket but not yet approved by the LPSC.

If the Commission were to approve the creation and securitization of the Hurricane Ida storm damage reserve fund in the full amount requested by ELL in addition to the relief previously sought by the Company, and were it to adopt the rate design reflected in Riders FSCIII and SCOIII (pertaining to Hurricane Isaac): (1) the total system restoration charge, billed on behalf of the LURC, on the monthly electric bill through Rider FSC IV for one of ELL’s LPSC-jurisdictional residential customers using 1,000 kWh is estimated at \$8.05 per month; (2) the first year’s Rider SCOIV imposed on the monthly electric bill of one of its LPSC-jurisdictional residential customers through proposed Rider SCOIV using 1,000 kWh is estimated to be a credit of \$0.31 per month; and (3) the net effect of Rider FSCIV and Rider SCOIV on a residential customer using 1,000 kWh is estimated to be \$7.74 per month, which equates to an increase of 6.45%.

The public version of the Company’s filing, including its attachments, may be viewed in the Records Division of the LPSC at the following address:

Records Division
602 N. 5th Street, 12th Floor
Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802
Telephone: (225) 342-3157

WHEREABOUTS NOTICE
Anyone knowing the whereabouts of Nick Phillips Jackson to contact James R. Boyd, Attorney at Law by mail at P.O. Box 1464, Ferriday, LA 71334 or by phone at 318-757-3000

PUBLIC NOTICE
The Drawing of Commissioners and Alternate Commissioners for the November 13, 2021 and December 11, 2021 elections will be conducted at 10:00 AM on Friday, October 15, 2021 in the Catahoula Parish Clerk of Courts Office by the Parish Board of Election Supervisors.
The public is welcome to attend.
S/Board of Election Supervisors
Jack F. Owens, Jr., Paul Lemke, Margie Doshier Bass, Donna H. Rutledge and Larissa H. Field

RESOLUTION 09-27-2021

Motion by: Rodney Sones Second by: Jeffery Estes
WHEREAS, acting through the United States Constitution, the people of this Country created a government to be their agent in the exercise of a few defined powers, while reserving to the citizens the right to decide on matters which concern their lives, liberty and property in the ordinary course of affairs;

WHEREAS, the Second Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America states, “A well-regulated Militia being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the People to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed;

WHEREAS, the right of the people to keep and bear arms is further protected from infringement by the State and Local Governments under the Ninth, Tenth and Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States of America.

WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of the United States of America in the District of Columbia v. Heller, 554 U.S. 570(2008), recognized the individual’s right to keep and bears arms, as protected by the Second Amendment of the Constitution of the United States of America, Justice Antonin Scalia’s prevailing opinion in that case stated that Second Amendment protects the individual’s right to possess a firearm unconnected with service in a militia, and the right to use that firearm for traditionally lawful purposes, such as self-defense within the home;

WHEREAS, Section 1 of the Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America states, “No State shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any State deprive any person of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor deny to any person within jurisdiction the equal protection of laws”;

WHEREAS, the Supreme Court of the United States recognized in McDonald v. City of Chicago, 561 U.S. (2010) declared the Second Amendment to the Constitution was incorporated by the Fourteenth Amendment and thereby made applicable to the States;

WHEREAS, the right to be free from the commandeering hand of the government has been recognized by the United States Supreme Court in Printz v. United States, 521 U.S. 898 (1997), the Court held: “The Federal Government may neither issue directives requiring the States to address particular problems, nor command the States’ officers, or those of their political subdivisions, to administer or enforce a federal regulatory program.”

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT, the Catahoula Parish Police Jury does determine that the legal, historic and patriotic words of the Second Amendment of the United States Constitution: “A well-regulated Militia being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the People to keep and bear arms, shall not be infringed” is hereby declared to be the public policy of the Catahoula Parish Police Jury and that Catahoula Parish is hereby declared to be a Second Amendment Sanctuary Parish.

This Resolution having been submitted to a vote; the vote thereon was as follows:

YEAS: 7 NAYS: 0 ABSENT: 2

ADOPTED AND APPROVED by the Catahoula Parish Police Jury in regular session convened on the 27th day of September 2021.
Harold Sones, President Patti C. Mizell, Secretary